



## ADVANCED MICROECONOMICS - 2013/2014

### Solutions Sheet 3: General equilibrium with uncertainty

**1** (a)  $x_2^1 = x_2^2$ .

(b) If  $\pi_1^1 > \pi_2^1$  then  $x_2^1 < x_2^2$ . And, if  $\pi_1^1 < \pi_2^1$  then  $x_2^1 > x_2^2$ .

(c) The utility function of the first consumer is parallel to his budget restriction.

**2**

**3**  $x_1^1 = x_1^2 = x_2^1 = x_2^2 = 2$ ,  $p^1 = p^2$ ,  $z_{11} = -1$ ,  $z_{12} = 2$ ,  $z_{21} = 1$ ,  $z_{22} = -2$ , and  $q_1 = 2q_2$ .

**4**  $x_1^1 = x_1^2 = x_2^1 = x_2^2 = 2$ ,  $p^1 = p^2$ ,  $z_{11} = z_{12} = z_{21} = z_{22} = 0$ , and  $q_1, q_2 \in \mathbb{R}_+$ .

**5** (a)  $p_1^1 = 6$ ,  $p_2^1 = 2$ ,  $p_1^2 = 2$ ,  $p_2^2 = 1$ ,  $x_{11}^1 = \frac{7}{9}$ ,  $x_{12}^1 = \frac{7}{3}$ ,  $x_{11}^2 = \frac{11}{9}$ ,  $x_{12}^2 = \frac{11}{3}$ ,  $x_{21}^1 = \frac{7}{6}$ ,  $x_{22}^1 = \frac{7}{3}$ ,  $x_{21}^2 = \frac{11}{6}$ ,  $x_{22}^2 = \frac{11}{3}$ .

(b)  $p_1^1 = 6$ ,  $p_2^1 = 2$ ,  $p_1^2 = 2$ ,  $p_2^2 = 1$ ,  $q_1 = 6$ ,  $q_2 = 2$ ,  $x_{11}^1 = \frac{7}{9}$ ,  $x_{12}^1 = \frac{7}{3}$ ,  $x_{11}^2 = \frac{11}{9}$ ,  $x_{12}^2 = \frac{11}{3}$ ,  $x_{21}^1 = \frac{7}{6}$ ,  $x_{22}^1 = \frac{7}{3}$ ,  $x_{21}^2 = \frac{11}{6}$ ,  $x_{22}^2 = \frac{11}{3}$ ,  $z_{11} = \frac{-1}{6}$ ,  $z_{12} = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $z_{21} = \frac{1}{6}$ ,  $z_{22} = \frac{-1}{2}$ .

**6**

**7**

$$r(c) = \begin{cases} (2-c, 3-c, 4-c, 2-c, 5-c) & \text{if } c \in [0, 2] \\ (0, 3-c, 4-c, 0, 5-c) & \text{if } c \in [2, 3] \\ (0, 0, 4-c, 0, 5-c) & \text{if } c \in [3, 4] \end{cases}$$

**8**  $Q_1 = \frac{1}{3} - t$ ,  $Q_2 = \frac{2}{3}$ , and  $Q_3 = t$ . It is arbitrage free if and only if  $t \in (0, \frac{1}{3})$ . The markets are not complete.

**9** (a)  $q = 8$ .

(b)  $q = 7$ .

(c)  $q$  unknown.