## University Carlos III Department of Economics Mathematics II. Final Exam. May 17th 2019

Last Name:		Name:
ID number:	Degree:	Group:

## IMPORTANT

- DURATION OF THE EXAM: 2h
- Calculators are **NOT** allowed.
- Scrap paper: You may use the last two pages of this exam and the space behind this page.
- Do NOT UNSTAPLE the exam.
- You must show a valid ID to the professor.

Problem	Points
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
Total	

1

(1) Given the following system of linear equations,

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y + z &= 3\\ x - y + z &= 2\\ 3x - y - az &= b \end{cases}$$

where  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  are parameters.

- (a) Classify the system according to the values of a and b. **5 points**
- (b) Solve the above system for the values a = -1, b = 4. **3 points**

(2) Consider the set  $A = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : 0 \le x \le 1, x^2 + 1 \le y \le 3x + 1\}$  and the function

$$f(x,y) = \sqrt{\log\left(x+y\right)}$$

defined on A.

- (a) Sketch the graph of the set A and justify if it is open, closed, bounded, compact or convex. **5 points**
- (b) State Weierstrass' Theorem. Determine if it is possible to apply Weierstrass' Theorem to the function f defined on A. Using the level curves, determine (if they exist) the extreme global points of f on the set A. 5 points
- (3) Consider the function  $f(x, y) = 2x + y \ln x \ln y$ .
  - (a) Determine its domain and the regions of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  where the function is concave or convex. **5 points**
  - (b) Study the existence of global extreme points for the function f in its domain. 5 points
- (4) Consider the set of equations

$$\begin{aligned} x^2y + ze^y &= -1\\ x - y + z &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Prove that the above system of equations determines implicitly two differentiable functions y(x) and z(x) in a neighborhood of the point (x, y, z) = (1, 0, -1). **3 points**
- (b) Compute

and the first order Taylor polynomial of y(x) and z(x) at the point  $x_0 = 1$ . **5 points** 

y'(1), z'(1)

- (5) Consider the function  $f(x,y) = 3axy x^3 y^3$ , where  $a \neq 0$  is a parameter.
  - (a) Determine the critical points of f in the set  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . **5 points**
  - (b) Find and classify, according to the values of the parameter a, the critical points of f. 5 points
  - (c) Determine the value of the parameter a for which there is a local maximum where the function attains the value 8 and the value of the parameter a for which there is a local minimum where the function attains the value -1. **5 points**

(6) Consider the functions f(x, y) = xy and g(x, y) = x<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup> - 8. Let S = {(x, y) : g(x, y) = 0}.
(a) Explain why f(x, y) must have a global maximum on the set S. 2 points

(b) Using the Lagrangian method, find the global maxima of f(x, y) on the set S. **7** points