Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
Points:	15	10	10	10	15	10	70
Score:							

## Instructions:

## • DURATION OF THE EXAM: 2h.

- Calculators are **NOT** allowed.
- DO NOT UNSTAPLE the exam.
- You must show a valid ID to the professor if required.
- Read the exam carefully. The exam has 6 questions, for a total of 70 points.
- Remember that for a complex number z = a + ib, the module is  $\rho = |z| = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ , and the argument  $\theta$  is the angle such that  $\tan \theta = b/a$ .

Table of usual trigonometric values

$\theta$	$\sin \theta$	$\cos \theta$	an  heta
0	0	1	0
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	1
$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\sqrt{3}$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	1	0	$\infty$

1

(a) (5 points) Determine the general solution of the homogenous difference equation

$$x_{t+2} - x_{t+1} - 2x_t = 0.$$

(b) (5 points) Determine the general solution of the non homogenous difference equation

$$x_{t+2} - x_{t+1} - 2x_t = 1 + 2^t.$$

(c) (5 points) Determine the solution of the initial value problem

$$x_{t+2} - x_{t+1} - 2x_t = 1 + 2^t$$
,  $x_0 = 0, x_1 = 2$ .

2 Let the matrix

$$A = \left( \begin{array}{ccc} -a^2 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -a^2 \end{array} \right),$$

where a is a parameter.

- (a) (5 points) Determine the eigenvalues of A. For which values of the parameter a is the matrix A diagonalizable?
- (b) (5 points) For the values of a found in part (a) above, determine a diagonal matrix D and an inversible matrix P such that  $P^{-1}AP = D$ .

## 3 Consider the following system of linear difference equations.

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{t+1} \\ y_{t+1} \\ z_{t+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -a^2 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -a^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_t \\ y_t \\ z_t \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

with a a parameter. Note that the matrix of the system is the matrix A of Problem 2 above.

- (a) (5 points) Find the stationary or equilibrium point of the system. For the values of a for which the matrix of the system is diagonalizable (they were found in Problem 2 above), study whether the fixed point is asymptotically stable.
- (b) (5 points) For the values of *a* for which the matrix of the system is diagonalizable (they were found in Problem 2 above), determine the general solution of the system.

4 Consider the ODE

$$t^3x' + 2t^2x = 1,$$

(a) (5 points) Find the general solution.

(b) (5 points) Find the solution of the initial value problem

$$t^3x' + 2t^2x = 1, \quad x(-1) = 2$$

What is the interval of definition of the solution?

5

(a) (5 points) Find the general solution of the ODE

$$x'' + 6x' + 9x = 0$$

(b) (5 points) Find the general solution of the ODE

$$x'' + 6x' + 9x = 6e^{-3t}$$

(c) (5 points) Find the solution of the ODE of the initial value problem

$$x'' + 6x' + 9x = 6e^{-3t}, \quad x(0) = 1 \quad x'(0) = -1$$

6

Consider the following system of ODE's

$$\begin{cases} x' = x^2y - \frac{x^2}{16} - 25y + \frac{25}{16} \\ y' = xy - 4y \end{cases}$$

- (a) (5 points) Determine the stationary points.
- (b) (5 points) Determine the stability of the stationary points.