UNIVERSIDAD CARLOS III TOPICS IN PUBLIC INTERVENTION, 2012

Professor: Ignacio Ortuño Ortín, 15.02.23, iortuno@eco.uc3m.es Office hours: Tuesday 10:00-12:00 or by e-mail

COURSE ORGANIZATION

Grading: 40% of the grade will depend on work, class participation, quizzes and exercises. The remaining 60% is determined by a final exam common to all groups of the subject. Attendance: Punctuality and silence are expected except from clarifying doubts, requests for repeating an argument, sharing an opinion, etc..

Exam Revision: In the day of the revision we will discuss the test solutions one by one. Later on individual revisions will take place.

COURSE MATERIAL

- During the course there will be distributed articles and notes published in Aula Global 2.
- The summary of most of the classes will be also published in the Aula Global 2.

BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Gruber, Jonathan. Public Finance and Public Policy. Worth Publishers, 2007.
- Stiglitz, Joseph. Economics of the Public Sector. Norton and Company (Third edition 2000).
- Versión española: La economía del sector público. Antoni Bosch (tercera edición, 2002)
- Albi, E., J.M. Gonzalez-Paramo, I. Zubiri. Public Economics. Ariel 2004.

REQUIREMENTS

Knowledge of Intermediate Microeconomics and basic Public Economics.

GENERAL OBJECTIVE

Students must learn to apply their knowledge in subjects such as Public Economics and Microeconomics in the specific analysis of issues concerning public intervention. In particular, students gain knowledge about:

- The reasons for advocating state intervention in the provision of a basic set of public and private property and the judgments that justify different types of interventions that are observed in different countries.
- The economic evaluation systems for public projects, especially the information

needed to permit this activity.

• The state's role as a provider of insurance and the impact of its redistribution policies.

AGENDA

- 1. Introduction. State intervention in externalities and public goods problems.
- 2. Public goods
- 2.1 Particular examples of inefficient private provision: The scientific knowledge. The distribution of income. The peacekeeping forces of the United Nations.
- 2.2 The "crowd-out" problem in public provision.
- 2.3 How to determine the preferences for public goods?
- 3. Cost-Benefit Analysis.
- 3.1 How to measure the benefits and costs of public projects.
- 3.2 Applications: The value of life, the value of time.
- 4. State intervention in education.
- 4.1 Failure of the public sector in providing education.
- 4.2 Redistributing, equal opportunities and education.
- 4.3 Different types of government intervention.
- 4.4 Academic and basic education.
- 4.5 Ways to evaluate education institutions.
- 5. Problems of asymmetric information and adverse selection and social insurance policies.
- 6. Pension systems.
- 6.1 Justifications for the social security system.
- 6.2 Public Pensions and savings.
- 6.3 Age of retirement.
- 7. Unemployment insurance.
- 8. Public health.
- 9. The political economy of public intervention.
- 9.1 The representative democracy.
- 9.2 Theory of public choice and government failure.